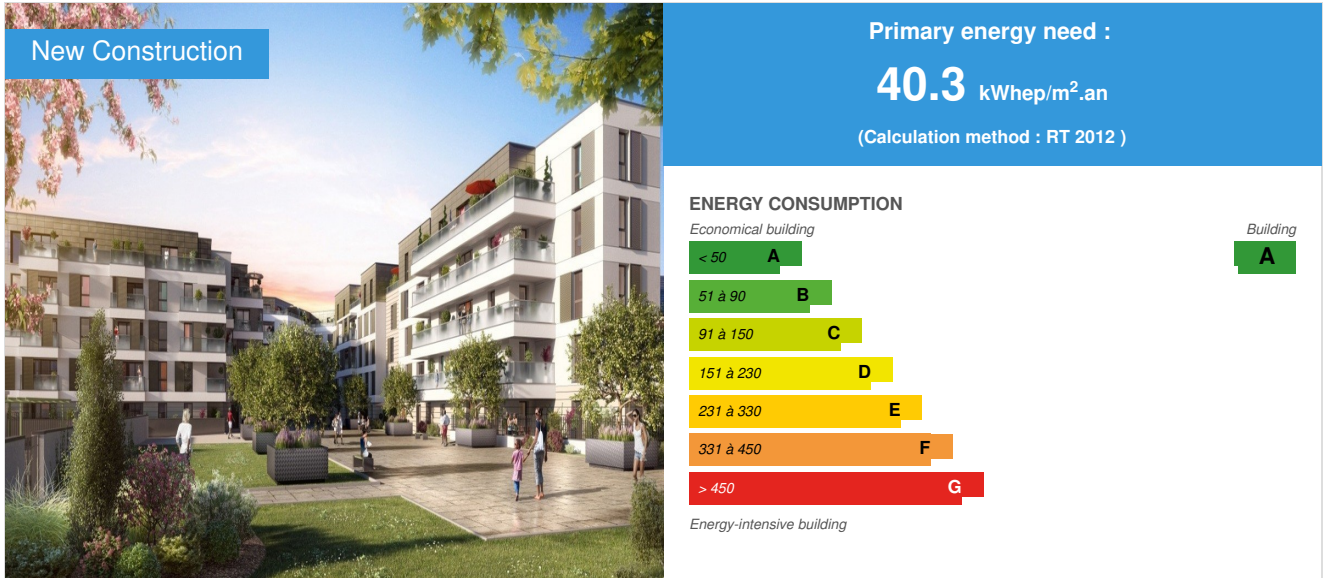


6 buildings on Felibien Alley

by Ludovic GUTIERREZ / 2021-03-17 16:31:00 / France / 4360 / FR



Building Type : Collective housing < 50m
Construction Year : 2018
Delivery year : 2020
Address 1 - street : 12 rue Menou 44000 NANTES, France
Climate zone : [Cfb] Marine Mild Winter, warm summer, no dry season.

Net Floor Area : 11 896 m² Autre type de surface nette
Construction/refurbishment cost : 18 000 000 €
Cost/m² : 1513.11 €/m²

Proposed by :



General information

The case study presents the construction of a 177 housing unit divided into five buildings for residential use. This residence in the heart of the block is located on the former Groupama site. It is in the immediate vicinity of downtown Nantes, transportation and shops. The project has obtained the HPE label.

Making a link with the existing

The project is part of an approach that both enhances the heritage and seeks to be modern. Indeed, a chapel and a convent are located on the site. The project leaders decided to create an urban courtyard in the center of the buildings. This allows the chapel and its convent to be put into perspective through an unobstructed view of the apartments. This courtyard is also the central point of a soft link that connects Menou and Felibien streets. The entrance via Menou Street is flanked by a monumental portal and a vegetal layout.

This urban approach was accompanied by an architectural research that breaks with the classical and historical architecture of this place steeped in history. This deliberate choice was adopted in order not to conflict with the classical architecture of the 19th century chapel, but rather to differentiate it in order to better highlight it. It also allows for a smoother transition with the existing office building on which the building is built.

Ensuring comfort and health in the city center

Because of its downtown location, the residence is subject to urban issues such as noise pollution, summer comfort and air pollution. The layout of the buildings and the development of the common spaces have been designed to limit these nuisances as much as possible. Only one building faces the street. The courtyard provides a peaceful pedestrian space between the different buildings. Its East-West orientation offers a high quality of light from sunrise to sunset for all the dwellings. The presence of green space provides a support of biodiversity, refreshment and visual comfort. Finally, the underground parking preserves the urban landscape.

The comfort of the occupants is also guaranteed thanks to the high level of services: glued parquet flooring, aluminum joinery, air vector heating system, etc. The insulation technique chosen (external insulation) provides very good thermal performance, necessary for the comfort of the occupants.

An original energy model: cogeneration

The project leaders have chosen to install an individual air heating system (for 95 dwellings), coupled with a gas micro-cogeneration module that produces 11 kW of electrical power for 100% self-consumption (for 71 dwellings). Cogeneration allows the direct use of the electricity produced on site, and this in continuous operation, unlike photovoltaic or wind power. In this case, cogeneration covers more than half of the electricity consumption of the common areas. The production of electricity on site also makes it possible to reduce the co-ownership charges.

Moreover, cogeneration has many advantages for the environment:

- Its efficiency (90%) is 20 to 30% higher than that of separate electricity and heat production. The overall energy consumption is reduced.
- The heat produced during the production of electricity is recovered for the needs of domestic hot water and heating of the building.
- CO2 emissions are reduced by 30% during the winter period compared to the production of conventional thermal power plants needed to balance the electricity network.
- Local production as close as possible to the place of consumption reducing line losses, estimated at 6% of the energy transported.

Sustainable development approach of the project owner

Bouygues Immobilier wanted, through this project, to offer a unique place in the heart of Nantes, combining comfort and modernity, while preserving the tranquility of the occupants. The buildings thus guarantee a good level of comfort and health, as well as a reduced energy bill thanks to its performance.

Architectural description

The architecture of the Félibien Alley is situated between heritage and modernity. It presents a set of running lines, stratification of levels generating balconies and terraces, which provides a clear interpretation of the project. The structure of the buildings is concrete.

See more details about this project

<https://www.grdf.fr/entreprises/carte-de-france-des-references/logement-neuf-performance-energetique/bouygues-immobilier-a-choisi-la-micro-cogeneration-en-plein-coeur-de-nantes>

<https://www.grdf.fr/entreprises/actualites/autoconsommation-programme-allee-felibien>

<https://www.grdf.fr/entreprises/actualites/gagnants-pyramides-grand-public-2019/felibien-pays-de-loire>

Photo credit

Bouygues Immobilier

Stakeholders

Contractor

Name : Bouygues Immobilier

Contact : 32 Place Viarme, 44000 Nantes

<https://www.bouygues-immobilier.com/>

Construction Manager

Name : EGIS

Contact : ZAC du Perray - 22 rue Rainières, 44300, Nantes

<https://www.egis.fr/>

Stakeholders

Function : Environmental consultancy

Function : Designer

Didier Zozio

3 r Jean Jacques Rousseau, 44000 Nantes / 01 40 18 48 45

Energy

Energy consumption

Primary energy need : 40,30 kWh/m².an

Primary energy need for standard building : 59,20 kWh/m².an

Calculation method : RT 2012

Envelope performance

More information :

Bat A = 0.657 W/(m².k)

Bat B = 0.607 W/(m².k)

Bat C = 0.615 W/(m².k)

Bat D&E = 0.627 W/(m².k)

More information

The primary energy consumption shown is that of the D&E building. Building B is at 48.3 (max stock 60.4). Building C is at 54.9 (max stock 62.7).

Renewables & systems

Systems

Heating system :

- Gas boiler

Hot water system :

- Gas boiler

Cooling system :

- No cooling system

Ventilation system :

- Humidity sensitive Air Handling Unit (Hygro B)

Other information on HVAC :

Cogeneration covers more than half of the annual electricity consumption of the outbuildings (excluding parking extractors, smoke extraction, lift pumps, etc.).

Electricity production during the operation of the micro-cogeneration. The electrical power generated by the micro-cogeneration (11 KW) makes it possible to continuously cover the minimum permanent consumption of the installation, i.e. 12,790 watts 24 hours a day: - Permanent lighting of the 2 parking levels (1/3 lighting) - BAES (Autonomous units) - Access control of the residence - Technical alarm - TV amplifiers - VMC housing units - Cellar extractor

Smart Building

BMS :

"FLEXOM" Smart Home solution chosen by Bouygues Immobilier: a flexible and customizable electrical installation thanks to wireless and battery-free radio technology. No 230V to switches and Roller Shutter controls, free movement of controls / Local and remote control of lights, roller shutters, and heating / A "self-learning" solution capable of offering real interoperability and scalability by the subsequent addition of connected objects and leaving freedom of choice over time (including the control of IOT connected objects) / A home automation solution that brings more comfort and ease of use to the home and which is also scalable, this solution allows the easy addition of functionalities through connected commercial objects. FLEXOM homes are all equipped with an application that will control: lighting, roller shutters, heating, the Autonomous Smoke Alarm Detector (DAAF) and Indoor Air Quality Probe, energy consumption with a prediction system to optimize housing performance

Environment

Urban environment

The Félibien Alley is located in the heart of the city. It is close to shops and public transport (especially the tram). The sector is therefore dynamic and very

accessible.

All the buildings, since in an urban environment, are subject to the nuisances of the city: pollution, phenomena of heat islands in summer, noise pollution, etc. The layout of the buildings has been designed to limit these nuisances.

Products

Product

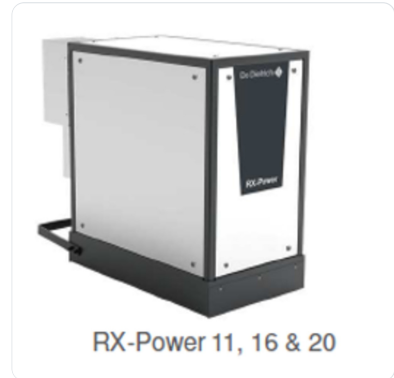
RX-Power 11 micro-cogeneration

De Dietrich

<https://www.dedietrich-thermique.fr/>

Product category : Génie climatique, électricité / Chauffage, eau chaude

A compact and efficient solution, the natural gas micro cogeneration module meets the thermal needs (heating and domestic hot water) of homes while ensuring local production of electricity. Unlike most current power plants, cogeneration makes it possible to recover the fatal heat lost during electricity production and to recover it. It is therefore a more efficient means of producing electricity: 20 to 30% more efficient than separate production. In addition, cogeneration modules produce electricity locally (as close as possible to consumers), which has the effect of reducing line losses.



Yzentis system

France Air

<https://www.france-air.com/>

Product category : Génie climatique, électricité / Chauffage, eau chaude

Individual solution (95 homes) The YZENTIS system from France AIR is a "multizone air vector" system. A gas boiler ensures the production of domestic hot water while heating a flow of air diffused, via the false ceilings, through the living rooms. All the equipment is grouped together in a single technical cabinet, thus combining air, gas and water technologies in a single location in the apartment. This solution makes it possible to reduce both the space occupied by technical equipment and by traditional radiators, while guaranteeing RT2012 energy performance. Thus, of the 177 units in the residence, 95 were able to do without conventional radiators. The air flow is recycled, filtered and diffused at the desired temperature. Coupled with the FLEXOM home automation solution, this system allows occupants to control their energy costs.



Costs

Construction and exploitation costs

Total cost of the building : 18 000 000 €

Additional information on costs :

The total cost indicated does not include the purchase of the land and the studies.

Contest

Reasons for participating in the competition(s)

Félibien Alley shows that it is possible to build high-performance buildings that guarantee a good quality of life in a dense urban fabric at a time of climate change.

The main asset of the project lies in the particularity of the selected energy system: co-generation. This system makes it possible to guarantee energy control at the local level, and therefore to gain autonomy from the network. In addition, its operation is continuous, unlike energies such as wind power or photovoltaics: the part covered by co-generation will always be ensured. Finally, this system is part of the low carbon transition: it emits less CO₂ than a conventional thermal power station.

The layout of the site (orientation of the buildings, common green and pedestrianized spaces) also contributes to the performance of the buildings. Indeed, it was designed to limit the impact of urban nuisances, in particular air pollution and the effects of urban heat islands.

Finally, energy performance is guaranteed by the construction methods and techniques used (insulation from the outside, attention paid to the type of parquet and the type of joinery, etc.).

Building candidate in the category



Energie & Climats Tempérés



Date Export : 20230323042136