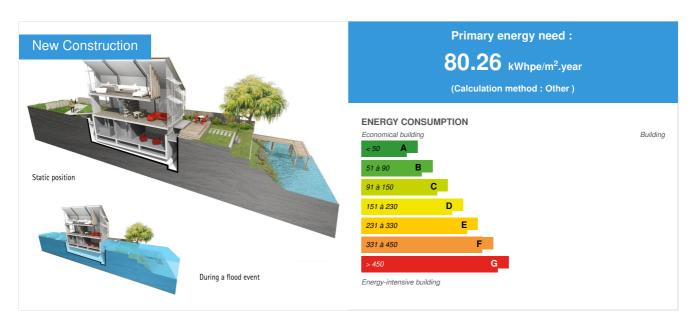


# **The Thames Amphibious House**

by Richard Coutts / (1) 2018-06-15 16:32:54 / International / ⊚ 41343 / ▶ EN



Building Type: Isolated or semi-detached house

Construction Year : 2015 Delivery year : 2015

Address 1 - street : SL7 1QE MARLOW, United Kingdom

Climate zone: [Cfb] Marine Mild Winter, warm summer, no dry season.

Net Floor Area: 205 m<sup>2</sup>

Construction/refurbishment cost : 750 000 €

Cost/m2: 3658.54 €/m<sup>2</sup>

### Certifications :



### General information

An amphibious house is a building that rests on the ground on fixed foundations but whenever a flood occurs, rises up in its dock and floats there buoyed by the floodwater.

The amphibious house is located adjacent to the River Thames in Marlow is a UK first. Based on the practices pioneering non-defensive approach to make space for water within the built environment - the house marks a valuable and critical contribution to both architectural design and flood resilience discourse.

The Amphibious House is a highly innovative approach to tackle extreme flooding. The 250 tonne house, which sits on the ground within a purpose made dock, is able to rise upto 2.7m when a flood occurs, bouyed by the flood water; whilst remaining connected to all utilities through flexible servicing. Built on the banks of the River Thames in Buckinghamshire, the house is the first to secure Planning, Building Regulations and to be constructed in the United Kingdom.

The house uses technology from marine and bridge construction as well as conventional building to create an elegant solution to flooding that is also attractive and complimentary to the setting. The flotation attributes, including the guide-posts, slide-gear and flexible services are expressed in the architecture as is the industrial weatherscreen skin. The triple height glazed facade allows views of the river from all floors. The northern elevation provides a simple complement to neighbouring houses.

The unique 225sqm house, which is located just 10m from the river's edge and within a Planning Conservation Area the house, also provides an intelligent and contextual response to its setting. The design was tailored to overcome the challenges of having no vehicular access to the site, limited space to work and needing all plant and materials to be brought across the river via a lightweight chain ferry. This pioneering prototype house passed a full float test before client occupation.

The Amphibious house demonstrates that architecture, engineering and flood strategies can be holistically combined to create beautiful buildings that allow occupants to enjoy living near water safely.

### See more details about this project

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\mathcal{Z}$ https://www.dezeen.com/2016/01/20/baca-architects-bouyant-amphibious-house-river-thames-buckinghamshire-floating-architecture/linear-parameters and the properties of the properties$ 

### Stakeholders

#### Contractor

Name : (Greenfords)
Contact : Simon Rogers

☑ http://greenford.ltd.uk/

### Construction Manager

Name: Creative Interiors

#### Stakeholders

Function: Others
Techniker (Structural)

Matthew Wells

Design of can-float base and civil engineering

# Contracting method

General Contractor

### Type of market

Table 'c21\_germany.rex\_market\_type' doesn't exist

☑ Close liaison with Environment Agency

☑ Close liaison with Planning Department

☑ Close liaison with Building Control

### If you had to do it again?

We are now on to our next generation of amphibious and floating homes. This building type now has proof of concept in the UK, which means securing planning for the next generation should be easier. We have learned a great deal regarding its construction and have

# Building users opinion

Our site is at flood risk. We considered raising the house on stilts but we were restricted by planning rules as to how high we could build. Also we didn't want too many steps in old age. The amphibious house will provide us with more accommodation on a small footprint that can rise during a flood event to keep us and its contents safe and dry. The build was challenging as everything had to come across the river but we now have panoramic views across the river safe in the knowledge that the house can adapt as necessary to rising river levels.

# Energy

# **Energy consumption**

Primary energy need: 80,26 kWhpe/m<sup>2</sup>.year

Primary energy need for standard building: 100,00 kWhpe/m².year

Calculation method: Other

### Renewables & systems

# **Systems**

#### Heating system:

Individual electric boiler

#### Hot water system:

o Other hot water system

#### Cooling system:

- Reversible heat pump
- No cooling system

#### Ventilation system:

o compensated Air Handling Unit

#### Renewable systems:

Solar Thermal

Renewable energy production: 20,00 %

# **Smart Building**

#### BMS

House uses a Hive Hub 360 - providing heating, cooling & security control plus energy and water consumption monitoring.

#### Environment

# Urban environment

The site for the replacement dwelling is on an isolated island on the River Thames. This meant that all construction components had to be designed to be transported across the river and assembled with limited mechanical means.

Land plot area : 350,00 m<sup>2</sup> Built-up area : 35,00 %

### **Products**

#### **Product**

Amphibious Dolphin

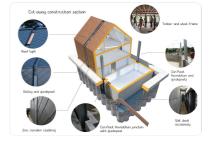
Techniker engineering / Baca Architects

Techniker engineering / Baca Architects

#### 

Product category: Table 'c21\_germany.innov\_category' doesn't exist SELECT one.innov\_category AS current,two.innov\_category AS parentFROM innov\_category AS oneINNER JOIN innov\_category AS two ON one.parent\_id = two.idWHERE one.state=1AND one.id = '6'

The dwelling is set between four galvanized steel columns termed 'dolphins'. A bespoke running mechanism is fixed between the house and guide posts to facilitate smooth vertical movement as the house rises and falls. The dolphins hold the house true and level against the river current during a flood.



Services connect the house with land. Insulated and flexible pipes run along the side of the house, within the wet dock, to pump wastewater into a treatment tank set in the ground.

Similar to servicing a boat/yacht the sliding gear requires testing with an annual float test lifting the building a minimum of 300mm form its static position

# Construction and exploitation costs

Total cost of the building : 750 000 €

# Energy bill

Forecasted energy bill/year : 800,00 €

Real energy cost/m2: 3.9
Real energy cost/Dwelling: 800

# Carbon

### **GHG** emissions

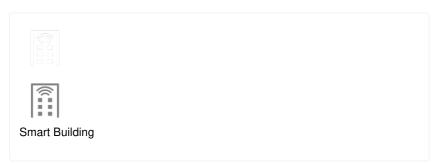
GHG in use: 21,64 KgCO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>/year

#### Contest

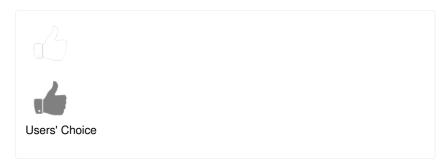
# Reasons for participating in the competition(s)

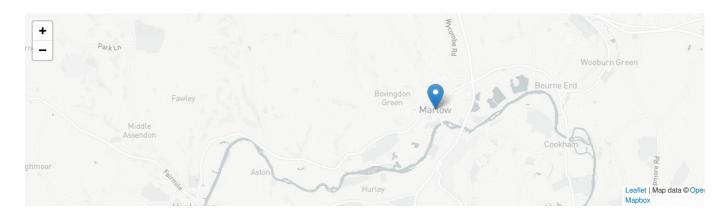
The UK's first amphibious house - A flood resilient home adaptable to rising river levels

# **Building candidate in the category**









Henley-on-Thames Henley Rd FURZE PLATT Taplow

Harpsden Crazies Hill ST MARKS Maidenhead

FISHERY\*\*

Littlewick Green

FURZE PLATT Taplow

ST MARKS Maidenhead

FISHERY\*\*

Littlewick Green