# **Gustave André School Extension**

by Simon Barret / () 2019-05-16 12:19:43 / France / () 5012 / 🍽 FR

Extension	Primary energy need : kWhep/m <sup>2</sup> .an (Calculation method : )
	ENERGY CONSUMPTION Economical building < 50 A 51 à 90 B 91 à 150 C 151 à 230 D 231 à 330 E 331 à 450 F > 450 G Energy-intensive building

 Building Type : School, college, university

 Construction Year : 2018

 Delivery year : 2018

 Address 1 - street : Rue des Ecoles 26120 CHABEUIL, France

 Climate zone : [Cfb] Marine Mild Winter, warm summer, no dry season.

Net Floor Area : 802 m<sup>2</sup> Construction/refurbishment cost : 1 800 000 € Number of Pupil : 170 Pupil Cost/m2 : 2244.39 €/m<sup>2</sup>

Certifications :



General information

Envelope:

- · Wood frame walls
- Biosourced insulation: compressed straw 40 cm in walls and roof (R = 7 m<sup>2</sup>K / W) -Metallery in metal Uw <1.6 W / m<sup>2</sup>K-Sunscreen type Roller shutter or sunshade outside direction (according to orientation)

systems:

- Connection to existing gas boiler of the school group
- Emissions by room-driven radiators by 2-way valve Double Flow ventilation (82% heat recovery, by-pass for summer conditions) Photovoltaic panels: 224 m<sup>2</sup>

### Sustainable development approach of the project owner

The main objective is twofold:

- aim for energy excellence, with the BEPOS Effinergie level, and make the building an exemplary case of compensation for energy consumption through local production
- incorporate a maximum of local materials and biobased, through the facade and wood frame, with insulation by straw bales (choice of companies and local suppliers)

### Architectural description

This building presents a mixed structure:

- The superstructure of the building is of the post / concrete beam type, with slab and intermediate floors also provided in concrete, so as to provide the necessary thermal inertia for the building
- All facades, as well as the roof are made of wood / straw construction.

### Photo credit

Simon Barret

### Stakeholders

### Contractor

### **Construction Manager**

### **Stakeholders**

Function : Designer Fabre Architecture

contact@fabre-architecture.com

Function : Assistance to the Contracting Authority

Tribu Energie

simon.barret@tribu-energie.fr

C http://www.tribu-energie.fr/ speaker labeling BEPOS Effinergie

Function : Certification company

Certivéa

elisabeth.porpe@certivea.fr

It https://certivea.fr/#

Function : Thermal consultancy agency Gedatel

Pascal Vermot-Gauchy

Thttp://www.gedatel.fr

### Contracting method

General Contractor

## Type of market

### Table 'c21\_belgium.rex\_market\_type' doesn't exist

### Energy

### **Energy consumption**

Primary energy need for standard building : -87,00 kWhep/m<sup>2</sup>.an

Calculation method :

Breakdown for energy consumption : 50% related to heating 5% ECS 13% lighting 1% distribution auxiliary 21% Ventilation auxiliaries 7% others (current outlet, etc ...)

### Real final energy consumption

Final Energy : 33,50 kWhef/m<sup>2</sup>.an Year of the real energy consumption : 2 018

### Envelope performance

Envelope U-Value : 0,42 W.m<sup>-2</sup>.K<sup>-1</sup>

#### More information :

Box wall wood / straw with straw boots 40 cm thick U = 0.177 W / m<sup>2</sup>K Roof timber frame + straw box U = 0.186 W / m<sup>2</sup>K Low floor on solid ground, continuous insulation U = 0.174 W / m<sup>2</sup>K Aluminum joinery Uw = 1.6 W / m<sup>2</sup>K

Building Compactness Coefficient : 0,44

Indicator: I4 Air Tightness Value: 0,72

### More information

The performances described above are derived from the calculation RT2012 and the calculation of consumption outside the scope RT (ratio) The renewable energy contribution allows to speak of positive energy building with needs of -88.5 kWhef / m2.an

### Renewables & systems

### Systems

#### Heating system :

- Low temperature gas boiler
- Water radiator

#### Hot water system :

Individual electric boiler

#### Cooling system :

No cooling system

### Ventilation system :

• Double flow heat exchanger

#### Renewable systems :

Solar photovoltaic

#### Renewable energy production : 317,00 %

Other information on HVAC :

The low temperature boiler used is the existing one, feeding the other part of the school

Solutions enhancing nature free gains : Brise Soleil Orientables

## **Smart Building**

#### BMS :

Simple and efficient management of HVAC systems: V2V-driven radiators and thermostats in every classroom.

#### Environment

### Urban environment

Located near the center of Chabeuil, 5 minutes walk from the town hall, the school is bordered:

- college Marc Seignebos, in the immediate vicinity to the east of a district pavilion (single houses mainly) all around

### Products

### Product

Straw boot insulation

Etablissement Die

etsdie@orange.fr

thtp://www.die-fourrage.fr/
Product category : Second œuvre / Cloisons, isolation
Straw and fodder set in wooden box for insulation façade and roof

Easy installation

CTA double flux

Rotatech

It https://www.atlantic-climatisation-ventilation.fr/ventilation/traitement-de-l-air/centrales-double-flux-hr-echangeur-rotatif/rotatech-debits-jusqu-a-4-000-m3-h
Product category : Génie climatique, électricité / Ventilation, rafraîchissement
Central double flow wheel exchanger

#### Costs

### Construction and exploitation costs

Renewable energy systems cost : 46 326,00 € Cost of studies : 330 905 € Total cost of the building : 2 737 553 € Subsidies : 1 025 169 € Additional information on costs : All costs above include VAT

### Health and comfort

### Indoor Air quality

Double flow ventilation with filters and flow rates measured at reception to ensure good air quality

### Comfort

Calculated thermal comfort : Utilisation de la STD pour vérification des températures estivales - optimisation choix et orientation des vitrage Daylight factor : Calcul de Facteur de Lumière du Jour via le logiciel Dialux

### Carbon

### **GHG** emissions

GHG in use : 4,70 KgCO<sub>2</sub>/m<sup>2</sup>/an Methodology used : Based on RT2012 consumption

### Life Cycle Analysis

#### Eco-design material :

Use of straw to insulate thermally and acoustically the walls facing the outside + wood frame

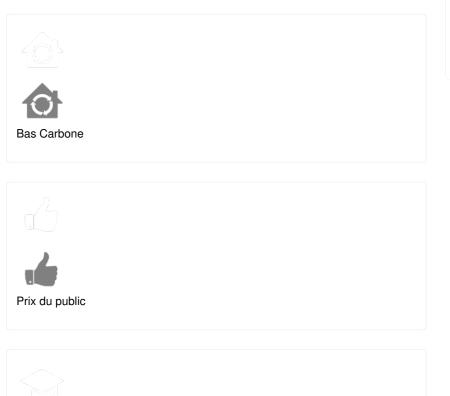
### **Reasons for participating in the competition(s)**

The building is under construction timber frame, and the entirety of the external facades is isolated by straw boots (from the department). This choice comes from a desire to build using local and duplicable resources, low emitting greenhouse gases.

> **Green Solutions** 10

ction21.org

### Building candidate in the category







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